User manual

Interroll

ZoneControl
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# Table of contents

**Introduction**
- Information about the operating instructions .................................................. 3
- Warnings in this manual ......................................................................................... 3
- Further symbols ..................................................................................................... 4

**Safety**
- General safety instructions .................................................................................. 5
- Intended use ........................................................................................................... 5
- Unintended use ...................................................................................................... 5
- Qualified persons ................................................................................................. 6
- Dangers .................................................................................................................. 7
- Interfaces to other devices ................................................................................... 7
- Operating modes ................................................................................................. 7

**Product information**
- Product description ............................................................................................. 8
- Components ......................................................................................................... 11
- Scope of delivery ................................................................................................. 11
- Label ...................................................................................................................... 11
- Technical data ...................................................................................................... 12
- Meaning of the LEDs ......................................................................................... 12
- DIP switches ......................................................................................................... 13
- Meaning of signals ............................................................................................... 14
- Dimensions .......................................................................................................... 14

**Transport and storage**
- Ambient conditions for transport and storage ................................................... 15
- Transport ............................................................................................................. 15
- Storage ................................................................................................................ 15

**Assembly**
- Warning notices concerning assembly ............................................................... 16
- Warning information relating to the electrical installation .................................... 16
- Installing the ZoneControl in a conveyor system .............................................. 17
- Electrical installation ......................................................................................... 17
- Sensors ............................................................................................................... 19
- Inputs and outputs .............................................................................................. 20
- Wiring diagrams ................................................................................................. 22

**Initial startup and operation**
- Commissioning .................................................................................................... 26
- Operation ............................................................................................................. 26
- Speed setting ...................................................................................................... 27
- External influence on zero pressure accumulation conveying ......................... 27
- Complete clearing of a conveyor ......................................................................... 29

**Maintenance and cleaning**
- Warnings concerning maintenance and cleaning .............................................. 30
- Maintenance ........................................................................................................ 30
- Cleaning .............................................................................................................. 30

**Troubleshooting**
- Troubleshooting ............................................................................................... 31
- Deviations in the conveying process .................................................................. 32

**Abandonment and disposal**
- Abandonment .................................................................................................... 33
- Disposal ............................................................................................................... 33
Appendix

Electrical data of connectors ........................................... 34
Installation Declaration ................................................. 37
Introduction

Information about the operating instructions

This manual contains important advice, notes and information about the ZoneControl in all phases of its lifecycle:
• Transport, assembly and start-up
• Safe operation, maintenance and troubleshooting, disposal
• Accessories

Validity of the manual

The manual describes the ZoneControl as it is delivered by Interroll.

In addition to this manual, special contractual agreements and technical documents apply to special versions.

The manual is part of the product

➢ For trouble-free, safe operation and warranty claims, read the manual and follow the instructions before handling the ZoneControl.
➢ Keep the manual near to the ZoneControl.
➢ Pass the manual on to any subsequent operator or occupant of the ZoneControl.
➢ Interroll does not accept any liability for malfunctions or defects due to non-observance of this manual.
➢ If you have any questions after reading the operation manual, feel free to contact our customer service. See the last page for your local contact.

Warnings in this manual

The warnings in this document refer to risks which may arise while using the ZoneControl. For relevant warnings, see "Safety", page 5 and the warnings at the beginning of each chapter.

There are three categories of danger. The following signal words are used in the document as required:
• Danger
• Warning
• Caution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Danger</td>
<td>Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caution</td>
<td>Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Structure of warnings

⚠️ DANGER

Nature and source of the hazard
Possible consequence of non-observance
➢ Information about how to avoid the hazard.
Further symbols

**NOTICE**

This symbol identifies possible material damage.
➢ Information about how to avoid damage.

⚠️ This symbol displays safety instructions.

ℹ️ This symbol marks useful and important information.

➢ This symbol marks the steps that have to be carried out.
Safety

General safety instructions

The ZoneControl is designed according to the technical state of the art and is reliable in operation, once distributed. However, risks may still arise.

- Risks of physical injury to the user or bystanders.
- Adverse effects of the ZoneControl and other material.

Disregarding the warnings in this manual may lead to serious injury.

- Always read the entire operating and safety instructions before starting to work with the ZoneControl and follow the information contained herein in full.
- Only instructed and qualified persons may work with the ZoneControl.
- Always keep this user manual at hand when working on the ZoneControl so that you can consult it quickly if required.
- Always comply with relevant national safety regulations.
- If you have any questions after reading this user manual, feel free to contact our customer service. See the last page for contact information.

Intended use

The ZoneControl should only be used for industrial applications and in an industrial environment to control one of the following RollerDrives:

- RollerDrive EC310
- RollerDrive EC300 (with adapter cable)

It must be integrated into a conveyor module or conveyor system. Any other use is not permitted and is deemed to be improper.

Any modifications that affect the safety of the product are not permitted.

The ZoneControl may only be operated within the defined operating limits.

The ZoneControl must be supplied by a regulated power supply unit with a nominal DC voltage of 24 V (minimum 19 V, maximum 26 V).

Unintended use

Applications not according to the intended use of the ZoneControl require approval from Interroll.
Qualified persons

Qualified persons are persons who read and understand the manual and, taking national regulations into account, can competently execute incidental work.

Only instructed and qualified persons may work with the ZoneControl, taking the following into account:

• the relevant manuals and diagrams,
• the warning and safety instructions in this manual,
• the system specific regulations and requirements,
• national or local regulations and requirements for safety and accident prevention.
ZoneControl

Safety

Dangers

The following list informs you about the various types of danger or damage that may occur while working with the ZoneControl.

Persons
- Maintenance or repair work must only be executed by authorized and qualified persons in accordance with the applicable regulations.
- Before using the ZoneControl, ensure that no unauthorized persons are near the conveyor.

Electricity
- Only operate the ZoneControl with control voltage complying with the requirements of EN 60401-1, PELV.
- Only perform installation and maintenance work after you have switched off the power.
- Ensure that the power cannot be turned on accidentally.

Working environment
- Do not use the ZoneControl in explosive environments.
- Always remove materials and objects which are not required from the work area.

Malfunctioning during operation
- Regularly check the ZoneControl for visible damage.
- In case of fumes, turn off the power at once and ensure that it cannot be turned on accidentally.
- Contact qualified personnel immediately to find the source the malfunction.

Maintenance
- As the product is maintenance free, you only need to check the ZoneControl regularly for visible damage and that all leads and screws are still tightened.

Interfaces to other devices

By assembling the ZoneControl in a conveyor module, further hazards may occur. These hazards are not part of this manual and have to be analyzed during the design, installation and startup of the conveyor module.
- After assembling the ZoneControl in a conveyor module, check the whole system for a new potential dangerous spot before switching on the conveyor.

Operating modes

Normal mode
Operation of the installed device at the end customer's as a component in a conveyor in a complete system.

Special mode
All operating modes which are required to guarantee and maintain safe and normal operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special operating mode</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transport/Storage</td>
<td>Loading and unloading, transport and storage</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assembly/Initial start-up</td>
<td>Installation at the end customer's and performing the test run</td>
<td>When de-energized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleaning</td>
<td>External cleaning</td>
<td>When de-energized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance/Repairs</td>
<td>Maintenance and inspection tasks</td>
<td>When de-energized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Troubleshooting</td>
<td>Troubleshooting in the event of a fault</td>
<td>When de-energized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fault elimination</td>
<td>Eliminating the fault</td>
<td>When de-energized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shut-down</td>
<td>Dismantling from the conveyor</td>
<td>When de-energized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposal</td>
<td>Disposal of ZoneControl and packaging</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Product information

Product description

The ZoneControl is used to facilitate zero pressure accumulation conveying, meaning that goods are transported without coming into contact with each other. To achieve this, the conveyor is sub-divided into zones. One zone consists of a RollerDrive, several idler rollers, a ZoneControl and corresponding sensors.

Zero pressure accumulation conveying is achieved by there being only one product in every zone and by the zones retaining the package until the downstream zone is detected as being "free" by the corresponding sensor. When accumulation occurs, a signal is transmitted upstream to retain the next package. A gap is always left between the goods being transported so that no accumulation pressure occurs.

The sensor in zone 1 has detected a package. The ZoneControl in zone 1 sends a request to zone 2 to ask whether the package can continue to be conveyed. Since zone 2 also contains a package, its ZoneControl denies permission until this package has been transferred to zone 3 (singulated release mode) or at the very least its onward transport has been started.

In singulated release mode, the package is only conveyed on if the package in the downstream zone has fully left this zone. In train release mode, the packages are virtually transported simultaneously (with a time delay of approx. 125 ms to reduce peak current when starting up.)

The ZoneControl in zone 1 only activates the RollerDrive in this zone after it receives the corresponding signal from the ZoneControl in zone 2.

Schematic diagram: three zones controlled by ZoneControl

1. Zone 1
2. Zone 2
3. Zone 3
4. Direction of travel
5. ZoneControl
6. Zone sensor
7. RollerDrive
8. Power supply
9. Peer-to-peer connection
10. Package
**ZoneControl**

**Product information**

**Functions**
- The speed and direction of rotation of a RollerDrive EC310 (or EC300 with adapter cable) can be controlled.
- The signals from two sensors (start and zone sensors) can be evaluated.
- The feeding of packages into the start zone can be controlled by a sensor or by an external signal.
- Transport logic can be influenced by external control signals (ZONE_START, ZONE_STOP, ZONE_STATUS, CLEAR, DIR_RET), enabling different functions:
  - Automatic stop at personal gates
  - Individual zone stops within the conveyor line
  - Clearing the entire system in or against the set direction of rotation
  - Feed-in/removal of packages outside of the start and end zone (for instance in conjunction with an external handling system)
- The control signals can either be processed in PNP mode or in NPN mode.
- Regenerative braking: When the RollerDrive motor brakes, it acts as a generator and feeds energy back into the power supply. The DriveControl is fitted with a brake chopper.

**Speed settings**
The speed of the RollerDrive can be adjusted in two different ways by ZoneControl:
- Internally at eight levels by means of three DIP switches
- Externally continuously via the analog input SPEED (is handled with priority and enables more fine-tuned adjustment)

The speed setting is converted to an analog control voltage by the ZoneControl and output by the RollerDrive as a reference setting. This reference setting is independent of the RollerDrive gears and their diameter.

Speed setting of the see "Speed setting", page 27.

The acceleration and braking behaviour of the RollerDrive is defined by its own moment of inertia, the gears used, the conveying speed, the moment of inertia of connected conveyor rollers, the selected torque transmission and the goods transported.

**Feedback of energy / Overvoltage protection**
If the RollerDrive is stopped by the ZoneControl or if the speed is reduced abruptly, the kinetic energy of the package is regeneratively converted into electrical energy in the motor. This energy is then fed back into the ZoneControl, resulting in increased voltage in the DC-net. This is limited to a non-critical level (28 V) by the integral brake chopper. However, if there are enough other consumers attached to the DC-net, the voltage rise will be low and the energy will be fed back in, resulting in the energy being available to other consumers in the DC-net and energy-savings being made if conditions are favourable.
Temperature protection
If operational conditions mean that the brake chopper is switched on so often that the upper temperature limit of approx. 90 °C (measured internally) is reached, then the ZoneControl switches off. If temperature protection is active, this is shown on the LED display. When the ZoneControl has cooled down, the RollerDrive restarts automatically when a signal is pending.

CAUTION
Unintended start-up of the RollerDrive following the ZoneControl cooling down
Danger of crushing of limbs and damage to goods
➢ Ensure that no start signal is pending during the cooling-down process.

Lock period for signal modifications / Debouncing
The external signal inputs, the sensor connections and the DIP switches are protected by the firmware to guarantee operation in the event of edge-unstable and bouncing input-levels. This means that after a signal status change, there is a time gap of 20 ms in which no additional status change is accepted. The sample applies to the sensor inputs, where signal status changes are only processed 50 ms after a signal modification.

After-run time
Once a package has left the sensor of a zone, then the RollerDrive in this zone continues to run for additional 4 seconds. At the end of 4 seconds, the RollerDrive stops, providing no new package is transferred from the upstream zone.

This feature provides the following benefits:
• Energy-savings by switching off the RollerDrive if no further packages have to be transported.
• Avoidance of unnecessary start/stop operation if there are no gaps between the packages.
Components

The ZoneControl contains the following components:
- ZoneControl
- Mating plug for power supply (WAGO 734-102/xxx-xxx)
- Mating plug for inputs/outputs (WAGO 733-108/xxx-xxx)
- Spare tool for power supply mating plug (black)
- Spare tool for inputs/outputs mating plug (yellow)

Scope of delivery

The ZoneControl contains the following components:
- ZoneControl
- Mating plug for power supply (WAGO 734-102/xxx-xxx)
- Mating plug for inputs/outputs (WAGO 733-108/xxx-xxx)
- Spare tool for power supply mating plug (black)
- Spare tool for inputs/outputs mating plug (yellow)

Label

The information on the label is used to identify the ZoneControl.
ZoneControl

Product information

Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rated voltage</td>
<td>24 V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage range</td>
<td>19 to 26 V DC (no polarity protection) (^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current consumption with RollerDrive</td>
<td>3 to 5 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current consumption without RollerDrive</td>
<td>0.08 A to 0.5 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection classification</td>
<td>IP20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling</td>
<td>Convection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature in operation</td>
<td>0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 104 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air humidity</td>
<td>5 to 95 %, condensation not permissible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation height above sea level</td>
<td>max. 1,000 m (max. 3,300 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) A single ZoneControl is protected against reverse polarity connection of the operation voltage. Polarity protection is gone as soon as assemblies are connected via PTP.

Meaning of the LEDs

The LEDs indicate the operating condition of the ZoneControl and the RollerDrive and provide information about the operating voltage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED green</th>
<th>LED red</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Behaviour of RollerDrive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flashing</td>
<td>Flashing</td>
<td>Initialisation of ZoneControl</td>
<td>Depending on sensor assignment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On steady</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>ZoneControl ready for operation</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flashing</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>RollerDrive receives start signal</td>
<td>Rotates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On steady</td>
<td>Flashes once</td>
<td>RollerDrive faulty or not connected</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On steady</td>
<td>Flashes twice</td>
<td>Fault in conveyor process (for instance jammed package)</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On steady</td>
<td>Flashes three times</td>
<td>Shutdown due to excessive temperature in chopper resistance</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Flashes four times</td>
<td>System error (for instance PTP cable disconnected)</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>On steady</td>
<td>Fuse triggered</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^2\) Depending on the error, the LED flashes in different sequences (0.5 s on - 0.5 s off) within a period of 4 seconds.
DIP switches

The DIP switches can be used to select the speed, direction of transportation, operating mode and logic conversion (PNP/NPN). Factory default of the DIP switches 1 to 3 is ON and that of DIP switches 4 to 8 is OFF.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DIP switches</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DIP SPEED A, B, C</td>
<td>Speed setting <em>(see &quot;Speed setting&quot;, page 27)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIP EPA/BA</td>
<td>Train release mode (BA) <strong>1)</strong></td>
<td>Singulated release (EPA) <strong>1)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIP DIR</td>
<td>RollerDrive rotates in an anti-clockwise direction <strong>2)</strong></td>
<td>RollerDrive rotates in a clockwise direction <strong>2)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIP PNP/NPN</td>
<td>Signals are emitted in accordance with NPN logic</td>
<td>Signals are emitted in accordance with PNP logic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1)** *(see "Product description", page 8)*

**2)** The direction of rotation is seen from the connecting cable side, if the external input DIR_RET is not switched. Combined with a signal at the CLEAR signal input, the direction of rotation is reversed if the DIR_RET input is switched.

DIP switches on the ZoneControl

1. SPEED A
2. SPEED B
3. SPEED C
4. EPA/BA
5. DIR
6. PNP/NPN
Meaning of signals

**ZONE_STATUS**

The ZONE_STATUS signal is the output signal of the handshake function of the ZoneControl. The assigned signal input is ZONE_START.

The ZONE_STATUS signal is active when:
- The ZONE_START signal is active.
- The start or zone sensor is occupied (by regular in-feed of a package or by placing a package on a previously empty zone).

The ZONE_STATUS signal gets in-active when:
- A package initially standing is conveyed into the following zone. When the zone sensor becomes free, the ZONE_STATUS gets in-active providing no further package is following.
- If a package does not reach the zone sensor, the system assumes after 5 seconds that the package has been manually removed and the ZONE_STATUS signal gets in-active.
- If a standing package is removed manually (and the zone sensor gets thereby freed), the RollerDrive continues rotating for 2 seconds. If the sensor is not occupied again during this time and no other package follows, the ZONE_STATUS signal gets in-active.

Dimensions
Transport and storage

Ambient conditions for transport and storage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permissible ambient temperature</td>
<td>-20 °C to 70 °C (-4 °F to 158 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permissible relative humidity</td>
<td>5 to 95 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Condensation not permissible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transport

- Every ZoneControl is packaged in its own cardboard box.

⚠️ CAUTION
There is a risk of injury if transported incorrectly
- Only qualified and authorized persons should transport the product.
- Follow the instructions below.

- Do not stack more than four cardboard boxes on top of each other.
- Check that the ZoneControls are correctly fixed prior to transport.
- Avoid serious impacts during transport.
- Check every ZoneControl for visible damage and completeness (mating plugs and spare tools) following transport (see "Scope of delivery", page 11).
- In the event of damage, take photos of the damaged parts.
- Report any damage caused by transport immediately to the transport company and Interroll to retain the right to claim for compensation.
- Do not expose the ZoneControls to serious fluctuations in temperature as this could lead to condensation.

Storage

⚠️ CAUTION
Risk of injury due to improper storage
- Do not stack more than four cardboard boxes on top of each other.

- Check each ZoneControl for damage after storage.
Assembly

Warning notices concerning assembly

**NOTICE**
Risk of damage leading to failure or shortened life expectancy of the DriveControl
➢ Follow the instructions below.

➢ Do not drop or mishandle the ZoneControl to avoid internal damage.
➢ Check each ZoneControl visually for damage before assembly.

Warning information relating to the electrical installation

**NOTICE**
Risk of damage to the ZoneControl
➢ Observe the following safety information.

➢ Electrical work should only be performed by qualified and authorised persons.
➢ Disconnect the power supply before installing, removing or rewiring the ZoneControl.
➢ Ensure that no hazardous voltage can come into contact with the connections or the housing, not even in the event of a malfunction or fault.
➢ Do not connect AC current to the RollerDrive or the ZoneControl at any time, as this will cause irreparable damage to the device.
➢ Do not use earth connections or earth wires as a protective conductor (PE).
➢ Do not apply too much tension or load to the motor connector. The cable insulation can become damaged if the cable is bent at the plug and the ZoneControl or the RollerDrive could fail.
➢ Only use cables that are dimensioned sufficiently for the application.
➢ Ensure that current load at each terminal or terminal block does not exceed 10 A.
➢ Ensure that the switching power supply unit supplying the DriveControl supplies a nominal DC voltage of 24 V with a maximum deviation of ±8 %.
➢ Ensure that the RollerDrive, the ZoneControl and the voltage source are connected to the conveyor frame or supporting structure in such a way that they are properly earthed. Incorrect earthing can result in the build-up of static charge, causing the motor or ZoneControl to malfunction or fail prematurely.
➢ Only use the specified mating plug (see "Inputs and outputs", page 20) and the spare tool supplied.
➢ Ensure that the ZoneControl is not reverse connected. The ZoneControl will be damaged beyond repair when power is applied if the ZoneControl is reverse connected and there is a peer-to-peer connection.
➢ Only apply operating voltage when all of the cables have been connected.
Installing the ZoneControl in a conveyor system

- Locate a flat surface for mounting the ZoneControl.
- Use the ZoneControl as a template and mark the centre of both mounting holes. For the distance between the holes, see "Dimensions", page 14.
- Drill two ø 5.6 - 6 mm (0.22 - 0.24 in) mounting holes at the marked spots.
- Fasten the ZoneControl.
- Ensure that the housing is not distorted.

Electrical installation

The ZoneControl is fitted with an internal, non-replaceable fuse to protect the DC-net and all of the coupled users against a short circuit in the RollerDrive (or generate current of more than 10 A). The user must protect all other lines.

The ZoneControl should be fixed to the side of the conveyor on which the RollerDrive cable is located. All of the connections should be routed to one side of the conveyor to simplify cabling.

The cabling of the PTP connection must always following the direction of the conveyor, that is to say that the PTP downstream connection of the upstream zone must be connected to the PTP upstream connection of the downstream zone etc. This also applies if one/several ZoneControl(s) have to be fitted on the other side of the conveyor.
ZoneControl

Assembly

Required cables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connection</th>
<th>Conductor cross-section / Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inputs/Outputs</td>
<td>fine-strand: 0.08 to 0.5 mm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>fine-strand with end-splice: 0.25 to 0.34 mm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AWG: 28 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stripped length: 5 to 6 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply</td>
<td>fine-strand, H05(07) V-K: 1.5 mm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(optionally with end-splice according to DIN 46228/1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AWG: 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stripped length: 6 to 7 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peer-to-peer</td>
<td>Commercially-available Cat-5 cable (network or Ethernet cable)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Strip the strand ends as per the contact manufacturer’s recommendations and possibly fit end sleeves.
- Insert the input/output and sensor wires into the mating plug using the yellow tool (see "Inputs and outputs", page 20).
- Insert the power supply wires into the mating plug with the black spare tool.
- Insert the mating plug into the ZoneControl.
- Ensure that all of the ZoneControl are connected to a common ground.
- Adjust the SPEED A, SPEED B, SPEED C, EPA/BA and DIR DIP switches according to requirements (see "Operation", page 26).
- Adjust the PNP/NPN DIP switch according to the signal level being used (applies to sensors and inputs and outputs).
- Insert the plug of the RollerDrive so that the "RD" labelling of the ZoneControl can be read and the "EC310" labelling is to the rear, i.e. cannot be read.
- Insert the plug of the PTP connection. When the ZoneControl is in the start zone and end zone, one PTP connection remains free. There is no need for an end resistor.

Signal status of inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PNP/NPN</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>ZONE_STOP</th>
<th>ZONE_START</th>
<th>CLEAR</th>
<th>DIR_RET</th>
<th>START/ZONE_SENS_IN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PNP</td>
<td>DIP = OFF</td>
<td>active</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>in-active</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPN</td>
<td>DIP = ON</td>
<td>active</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>in-active</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signal status of outputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PNP/NPN</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>ZONE_STATUS</th>
<th>ERROR</th>
<th>EXT_ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PNP</td>
<td>DIP = OFF</td>
<td>active</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>in-active</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPN</td>
<td>DIP = ON</td>
<td>active</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>in-active</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**ZoneControl**

**Assembly**

**Schematics of all outputs**

With PNP logic

\[ UB = \text{Operating voltage} \]
\[ R_s = \text{Internal overload protection} \]
\[ GND = \text{Ground} \]

**Sensors**

The following types of sensors can be connected (the sensor must be active if the package is in the detection area):

- Light scanner light-switching
- Light barrier dark-switching

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of sensor</th>
<th>Light- or dark-switching</th>
<th>Opener/ Closer</th>
<th>Logical output</th>
<th>Light beam symbol</th>
<th>Switch symbol</th>
<th>Electrical output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PNP</strong></td>
<td>Light barrier (with reflector)</td>
<td>Dark-switching</td>
<td>Closer, normally open</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Not interrupted</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Interrupted</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light scanner</td>
<td>Light-switching</td>
<td>Closer, normally open</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Interrupted</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Not interrupted</td>
<td>+24 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NPN</strong></td>
<td>Light barrier (with reflector)</td>
<td>Dark-switching</td>
<td>Closer, normally open</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Not interrupted</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reflective light scanner</td>
<td>Light-switching</td>
<td>Closer, normally open</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Interrupted</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Not interrupted</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Inputs and outputs

RollerDrive connection: 8 mm snap-in, 5-pin, pin location in accordance with DIN EN 61076-2

1. +24 V DC  
2. Output for direction of rotation  
3. Ground  
4. Fault input  
5. Speed output

Start sensor connector: WAGO 733-103 mating plug

WAGO 733-363/105-604

1. +24 V DC  
2. START_SENS_IN (input for start sensor signal)  
3. Ground

Zone sensor connector: WAGO 733-103 mating plug

WAGO 733-363/105-604

1. +24 V DC  
2. ZONE_SENS_IN (input for zone sensor signal)  
3. Ground
ZoneControl

Assembly

Upstream peer-to-peer connection: RJ45 socket, 8-pin Molex 43860
Mating plug: pre-manufactured patch cable

Power supply connector: WAGO 734-102 mating plug
WAGO 734-162/105-604
① GND (Ground)  ② +24 V DC

Inputs/outputs connector: WAGO 733-108 mating plug
WAGO 733-368/105-604
① EXT_ON (Output for additional start signal)
② CLEAR (Input for clear signal)
③ SPEED (Input for speed setting)
④ DIR_RET (Input for change of transport direction and only effective when there is an active signal at CLEAR).
⑤ ERROR (Output for error signal)
⑥ ZONE_STATUS (Output for zone status signal)
⑦ ZONE_START (Input for start signal)
⑧ ZONE_STOP (Input for stop signal)
ZoneControl within the conveyor section

This ZoneControl can be located at any position between the start and end zone. This switch enables zero pressure accumulation conveying without additional functions.

The ZoneControl is connected to the adjacent ZoneControls via the Peer-to-Peer cable. The zone sensor is fed with operating voltage via the sensor connector.

Downstream peer-to-peer connector: RJ45 socket, 8-pin Molex 43860
Mating plug: pre-manufactured patch cable

The electrical data for each connection is specified in the appendix (see “Electrical data of connectors”, page 34).

Wiring diagrams

Abbreviations used

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+24 V</td>
<td>Operating voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground (earth)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTP</td>
<td>Peer-to-peer connection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Zone sensor

1
ZoneControl

Assembly

ZoneControl at the start of the conveyor section

1. Start sensor
2. Zone sensor
3. Switch A: External signal at the ZONE_START input

Handshake to the upstream conveyor section: Der Zonenstatus (belegt oder frei) kann über das Signal ZONE_STATUS abgefragt werden (see "ZONE_STATUS", page 14). The first zone of the ZoneControl conveyor can be started in the following ways:

- Start sensor (button A is not needed)
- External signal at the ZONE_START input (symbolised by switch A; start sensor not needed)

The function of the switch can be provided using any switching element (e.g. PLC). The signal can be switched in NPN or PNP mode.
ZoneControl

Assembly

ZoneControl at the end of the conveyor section

When the package has reached the sensor in the last zone it is stopped by default. An external signal must be given at the ZONE_START input of the last zone to discharge. This can be a switch (refer to the example in the diagram above) or an external control (PLC). The signal can be switched in NPN or PNP mode. The status of the last zone is given by the ZONE_STATUS output. If there is no package in the relevant zone sensor's detection range and the ZONE_START signal is active, the RollerDrive does not rotate.

Depending on signal length and discharge mode (single or train release) either one or more packages will be released.

Connection of the external speed control

An external SPEED signal can be connected to control the speed of the whole conveyor externally. The signal should only be connected to one ZoneControl, as it is transmitted via the PTP connection to all other ZoneControl. The position of the ZoneControl within the conveyor and the cable length of the PTP connection is immaterial.

The voltage range for the SPEED signal is between 0 and 10 V DC with a maximum current of 2 mA. DC voltage must be kept stable to maintain a constant conveyor speed.
Connection of a second RollerDrive

There is an option with a conveyor to drive zones with other RollerDrive that are switched on and off synchronously to the RollerDrive of the ZoneControl. This can, for instance, be necessary with heavy packages or long zones.

- Connect the EXT_ON output of the ZoneControl to the SPEED A input of a DriveControl 20.
- Connect the ground wire of the ZoneControl (GND) to the signal ground Common GND of the DriveControl 20. If possible, use the same power supply for the ZoneControl and DriveControl 20.
- Preselect a speed that is comparable to that of the ZoneControl on the DriveControl 20 using DIP switches SPEED A to D.
- If the function DIR_RET is to be used in the application, connect the DIR input of the DriveControl 20 to the DIR_RET signal of the ZoneControl and on the DriveControl 20 set the DIP switch DIR in such a way that the RollerDrive is rotating in the correct direction.

Changes to the speed via an external SPEED signal only affect RollerDrive that are connected directly to a ZoneControl. The RollerDrive that is connected to a DriveControl 20 do not experience any change of speed from the signal.
Initial startup and operation

Commissioning

Pre-commissioning checks
- Ensure that the ZoneControl has been correctly fastened to the profile and that all screws have been correctly tightened.
- Ensure that there are no additional areas of danger caused by interfaces to other components.
- Ensure that the wiring is in accordance with the specification and legal directives.
- Check all protection devices.
- Ensure that no personnel stand in hazardous areas near the conveyor.

Pre-commissioning checks
- Check the ZoneControl for visible damage.
- Check the DIP switch settings (see "DIP switches", page 13).
- Check all protection devices.
- Clearly specify and monitor the way goods are placed on the conveyor.
- Ensure that the RollerDrive is not blocked.
- Ensure that no personnel stand in hazardous areas near the conveyor.

Operation

Accidental start-up of the RollerDrive
Danger of crushing of limbs and damage to goods
- Ensure that no unauthorised persons are near the conveyor before switching on the operating voltage.

Ambient conditions during operation see “Technical data”, page 12

The ZoneControl is initialised after the operating voltage has been applied. The ZoneControl is then brought into a defined basic state and packages that are not within the detection range of a sensor are transported onto the next zone sensor. The RollerDrives in unoccupied zones rotate and RollerDrives in occupied zones do not rotate. The start and end zones are automatically detected if they are wired correctly. Initialisation mode takes 4 seconds. During the initialisation mode the zone sensor can be assigned as often as required.
ZoneControl

Initial startup and operation

Speed setting

Requirement: The external SPEED input is not connected or in-active.

➢ Set the required speed using the DIP switches (see table).

It is not possible to stop the RollerDrive by connecting ground to the external SPEED input.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting of the SPEED DIP switches on the ZoneControl</th>
<th>Speed at gear ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>on</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>on</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>on</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>on</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>off</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>off</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>off</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>off</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Speed setting via external analog signal

Above a voltage of > 1 V, the SPEED signal has higher priority than the speed setting by the internal DIP switches. The speed of the RollerDrive is controlled by the external signal, irrespective of the position of the DIP switches.

➢ Set the speed of the RollerDrives by changing the external signal within a range of 1 to 10 V. Changes to the signal will only be applied if they differ by at least 0.1 V from the previous value.

➢ Set the external signal to 0 V to enable the internal speed setting by the DIP switch.

The specified analog speed applies to all zones of the ZoneControl conveyor.

External influence on zero pressure accumulation conveying

The ZoneControl has two control signals to specifically influence the otherwise automatic conveyor process.

• ZONE_START
• ZONE_STOPP

These signals enable the current conveyor logic of a zone to be interfered with to the extent that locally generated START-STOP processes can be integrated easily and simply into the parallel running global ZPA conveyor process.

Accidental start-up of the RollerDrive

Danger of crushing of limbs and damage to goods

➢ Before enabling the ZONE_START and ZONE_STOPP signals, ensure that no unauthorised persons are in the conveyor's hazard zones.
**Initial startup and operation**

**ZONE_STOPP**
- Can be used at every zone.
- Package is conveyed to the zone sensor in the affected zone.
- When in-active, immediate transition to normal ZPA conveyor operation.
- The signal does not stop the RollerDrive immediately.

**ZONE_START**
The ZONE_START signal is the input signal of the handshake function of the ZoneControl. The associated signal output is ZONE_STATUS (see "ZONE_STATUS", page 14).

- Connected to the first zone of the conveyor:
  - The start signal leads to the RollerDrive in the first zone starting, providing that the zone sensor is not occupied.
  - If the zone sensor is occupied, the RollerDrive will not be started.
  - If the signal is active while a package is conveyed into the first zone, the RollerDrive will continue running until the package reaches the sensor (resulting in no Time-Out).
  - If the ZONE_START remains active after the package has left the first zone, the RollerDrive in the first zone will continue running without a time-out.

- Connected to a middle zone:
  - The RollerDrive in the zone starts running immediately and under compulsion disregarding any ZPA- or sensor status. (Caution: Risk of collision). If the signal gets inactive, the zone again follows the rules of zero pressure accumulation conveying. No initialisation takes place.

- Connected to the last zone:
  - If the last zone is occupied by a package, it is conveyed out of this zone. If no further package follows, the RollerDrive stops after 4 seconds (run-on).
  - If a further package is following, then it is also conveyed out of the zone (depending on the type of discharge set) providing ZONE_START continues to be active.
  - If the signal is only given as a pulse, a package is conveyed out of the zone, a further package would be conveyed to the zone sensor and stop there.
  - If the start signal is given and the last zone is not occupied, the RollerDrive does not run.
  - If the signal remains active and a package is conveyed to the last zone, the RollerDrive does not stop but the package is transported directly out of the zone.

The ZONE_START and ZONE_STOPP signals should be given as pulses to guarantee functional assignment to the ZPA conveyor process. The duration of the pulse should be shorter than the time the longest package takes to go through the shortest zone.
ZoneControl

Initial startup and operation

Complete clearing of a conveyor

A conveyor can be completely cleared by the CLEAR signal if required.

➢ Activate the CLEAR signal in the first or last zone of the conveyor. The CLEAR signal is transmitted via the PTP cable to all other zones. It immediately overrides the running conveyor logic and it must kept active as long as the clearing of the conveyor takes. It causes forced conveyance: All RollerDrive rotate simultaneously at the respectively preset speed and in the preset direction without taking the zone sensors into consideration.

Any CLEAR signal connected to an intermediate zone is ineffective. CLEAR cannot be active while the ERROR signal is activated.

As soon as the CLEAR signal is inactive again, the conveyor goes through an initialisation cycle.

If the DIR_RET signal is active parallel to the CLEAR signal, all of the connected RollerDrive rotate in the opposite direction than set by the DIP switch. DIR_RET and CLEAR must be connected to the same ZoneControl. The DIR_RET signal is only effective during CLEAR.
Maintenance and cleaning

Warnings concerning maintenance and cleaning

⚠️ CAUTION

Risk of injury due to improper handling or accidental motor starts
- Maintenance work and cleaning may only be executed by qualified and authorized persons.
- Only perform maintenance work after switching off the power. Ensure that the ZoneControl cannot be turned on accidentally.
- Set up signs indicating maintenance work.

Maintenance

Inspecting the ZoneControl
The ZoneControl itself is maintenance-free. For avoidance of faults however, regular inspection of the connections and fixings is required.
- As part of the regular control and maintenance work on the conveyor, ensure that the screws of the ZoneControl are still tight and that the cables are still laid properly and connected to the terminals.

Replacing the ZoneControl
If a ZoneControl is damaged, it has to be replaced.
- Install a new ZoneControl (see "Abandonment", page 33 and see "Installing the ZoneControl in a conveyor system", page 17).

Cleaning

Dust and dirt in combination with humidity may bridge the electric circuit. Therefore, in a dirty environment, periodic cleaning will help to avoid short-circuits which could damage the ZoneControl.

⚠️ CAUTION

Risk of damage to the ZoneControl due to incorrect cleaning
- Do not immerse the ZoneControl in liquids.
- Do not use cleaning agents.

- Clean away dust and soiling if necessary.
- For more thorough cleaning, disconnect the ZoneControl from the power supply, remove (see "Abandonment", page 33), and wipe over with a damp cloth.
## Troubleshooting

### Symptom | Possible cause | Help
--- | --- | ---
ZoneControl is not working or is working incorrectly | No power supply | ➢ Check whether the output voltage of the power supply is within the specified voltage range.  
➢ Check the connections and correct if necessary.  
Wrong position of the DIP switches |  | ➢ Check and if necessary correct the position of the DIP switches (see "DIP switches", page 13).  
ZoneControl faulty or damaged | Internal fuse triggered or faulty. | ➢ Replace the ZoneControl.  
RollerDrive is not working | RollerDrive is faulty or no power supply | ➢ Check whether the output voltage of the power supply is within the specified voltage range.  
➢ Check the connections and correct if necessary.  
The ERROR signal is automatically reset after elimination of the fault and the ZoneControl immediately performs a local reinitialisation of the affected zone.  
Conveyor process interrupted | Packages jammed | ➢ Remove jammed packages.  
The ERROR signal is automatically reset after elimination of the fault and the ZoneControl immediately performs a local reinitialisation of the affected zone.  
Overheating of chopper resistor to > 90 °C |  | ➢ Allow to cool down.  
The ERROR signal is automatically reset after cooling and the ZoneControl continues the conveyor process.  
PTP cable disconnection |  | ➢ Check all of the PTP cable connections.  
System error | PTP cable disconnection | ➢ Switch operating voltage off and on to reinitialise the conveyor system.  

The error signal is active in the event of the following faults:  
• RollerDrive fault  
• RollerDrive not connected  
• Fuse faulty  
• Upper and lower levels of permitted operating voltage transgressed  
• Operating voltage has reverse polarity  
• Chopper resistor overheating  
• System error  
• Time-Out: zone sensor does not become free within 5 seconds
Deviations in the conveying process

The zone sensor is freed by manual intervention (withdrawal or removal of a package that has already stopped) or by sliding back:

The ZoneControl detects this state and let the RollerDrive run for 2 seconds in the zone in order to move the package back into the detection area of the zone sensor. Within the 2 seconds there is no signal sent via the PTP link to the upstream zone that the zone is free. This is to prevent another package from moving in the zone. If the sensor is not occupied by a package within 2 seconds, a free signal is sent to the upstream zone (the ZONE_STATUS signal becomes inactive).

Time-out when leaving the zone sensor

A package does not leave the current detection zone of the zone sensor or does not reach the target area of the downstream zone (e.g. by temporary removal of the package). This can be caused by a blockage on the conveyor track, for instance by the package becoming snagged or a barrier on the conveyor track.

Once the RollerDrive has started, the occupied zone sensor must become free after 5 seconds. If the sensor is still occupied at the end of this time period, the RollerDrive stops. The ERROR output becomes active and the next ZoneControl displays an error by means of the error LED. An assumption is made that the package is blocking the conveyor.

The time period of 5 seconds can result in long packages not being able to be conveyed at a slow speed.

The error can be reset by pushing the package manually into the detection area of the zone sensor in the downstream zone. By doing this, a zone sensor that did not become free, should no longer be occupied. After elimination of the fault, the affected zone runs a local initialisation.

Time-out when reaching the zone sensor

As soon as a package has left the detection area of a zone sensor, the package has 5 seconds time to occupy the zone sensor in the subsequent zone. This means that the RollerDrive in the following zone runs for at least 5 seconds, providing its zone sensor is not previously occupied. At the end of the 5 seconds, the ZoneControl assumes that the package has been removed and stops the RollerDrive. No error is active.

A further package that is occupying the zone sensor in the upstream zone, is only transported into this zone on expiry of the 5 seconds, as this zone only transmits a free signal after 5 seconds.
Abandonment and disposal

Abandonment

⚠️ CAUTION

Risk of injury due to improper handling
➤ Abandonment may only be executed by qualified and authorized persons.
➤ Only abandon the ZoneControl after switching off the power. Ensure that the ZoneControl cannot be turned on accidentally.

➤ Disconnect all cables from the ZoneControl.
➤ Unscrew the screws attaching the ZoneControl to the conveyor frame.
➤ Extract the ZoneControl from the conveyor frame.

Disposal

The operator is responsible for the proper disposal of the ZoneControl. In doing so, industry-specific and local provisions must be observed for the disposal of the ZoneControl and its packaging.
# Appendix

## Electrical data of connectors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inputs/outputs connectors</th>
<th>ZONE_START, ZONE_STOP, DIR_RET, CLEAR, START_SENS_IN and ZONE_SENS_IN inputs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Properties</strong></td>
<td>24 V logic, bounced, GND reference potential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reverse polarity</td>
<td>max. 30 V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>protection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overvoltage protection</td>
<td>max. 30 V DC permanent, absence of harmonic waves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logic level low</td>
<td>0 to 5 V DC npn = active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input current low</td>
<td>max. 3 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logic level high</td>
<td>15 to 28 V DC pnp = active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input current high</td>
<td>max. 4.5 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response time for</td>
<td>min. 20 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>repeated signal change</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outputs ZONE_STATUS, ERROR, RD_EXT_ON</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Properties</td>
<td>not short circuit-proof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output current</td>
<td>50 to 100 mA at an operating voltage of 30 V, max. 500 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logic level low</td>
<td>0 to 5.5 V DC open collector, @ 50 mA, Reference GND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logic level high</td>
<td>12.5 to 30 V DC open collector, @ 50 mA, Reference GND</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# ZoneControl

## Appendix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RollerDrive connector</th>
<th>Power supply (pin 1, 3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nominal value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Voltage range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Residual ripple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rated current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Peak current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Return electric strength</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Direction of rotation output (pin 2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Properties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overvoltage protection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clockwise direction of rotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output current low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anticlockwise direction of rotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output current high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input error (pin 4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Properties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reverse polarity protection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logic level low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fault current low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logic level high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fault current high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## ZoneControl

### Appendix

**Speed output (pin 5)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Properties</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Speed operating range of motor control voltage</td>
<td>2.3 to 10 V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RollerDrive rotates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop range</td>
<td>0 to 2 V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RollerDrive does not rotate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Precision of motor control voltage</td>
<td>5 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Motor control voltage between 2.3 and 10 V DC at 21 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor control voltage ripple</td>
<td>250 mV&lt;sub&gt;pp&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. load of motor control current</td>
<td>0.16 to 2 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Input resistance of RollerDrive: 66 kΩ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modification speed</td>
<td>4.5 to 5 V/ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0 - 100 % motor control voltage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Installation Declaration

in accordance with the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Appendix II B

The manufacturer:

Interroll Engineering GmbH
Hoeferhof 16
D - 42929 Wermelskirchen
Germany

hereby declares with sole responsibility that the product range

• ZoneControl

is not a ready-to-use machine as defined by the EC Machinery Directive and, therefore, does not fully comply with the requirements of this directive. The commissioning of these conveyor modules is not permitted until conformity of the entire machine/system in which they are installed has been declared in compliance with the EC Machinery Directive.

The health and safety requirements as stated in Appendix I have been applied. The special technical documents as stated in Appendix VII B have been compiled and will be sent to the responsible authority if necessary.

Person authorized to compile the technical documents: Georg Malina,
Interroll Engineering GmbH, Hoeferhof 16, D - 42929 Wermelskirchen

Applied EC directives:

• Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
• EMC Directive 2004/108/EC
• RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC

Applied harmonized standards:

• EN ISO 12100 Parts 1 and 2 "Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design" - Part 1: "Basic terminology, methodology" - Part 2: "Technical principles"

Wermelskirchen, 31st March 2010

Armin Lindholm
(Managing Director)

(This declaration can be obtained at www.interroll.com, if needed.)